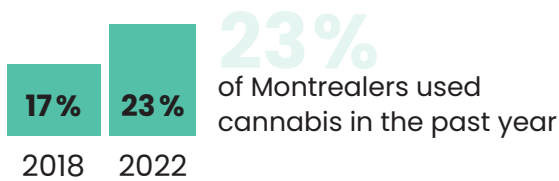


CANNABIS CONSUMPTION IN MONTRÉAL SINCE LEGALIZATION

HIGHLIGHTS

Since the legalization of cannabis in 2018, data from the survey *Enquête québécoise sur le cannabis* (2018 to 2022 editions) have enabled to track the evolution of Montrealers' cannabis consumption and practices.

An increase in use



Consumption differs by age group

- **Increase observed** in people aged 35–44 years and those 55 and over
- **No increase noted** in individuals aged 15–17 and 18–24 years

Change in use practices

➔ Frequency of use (daily, regularly, occasionally, etc.) remains stable.

➔ Modes of use have become more diverse since legalization:



SMOKING

2018 – 93%
2022 – 80%

Decreasing, but still the most popular



EDIBLES

2018 – 38%
2022 – 36%

No significant change, 2nd most popular



ORAL DROPS

2019 – 17%
2022 – 34%

Increasing



BEVERAGES

2018 – 6%
2022 – 21%

Increasing



CAPSULES

2019 – 5%
2022 – 17%

Increasing



VAPORIZING

2019 – 17%
2022 – 19%

No significant change



VAPING

2019 – 16%
2022 – 20%

No significant change

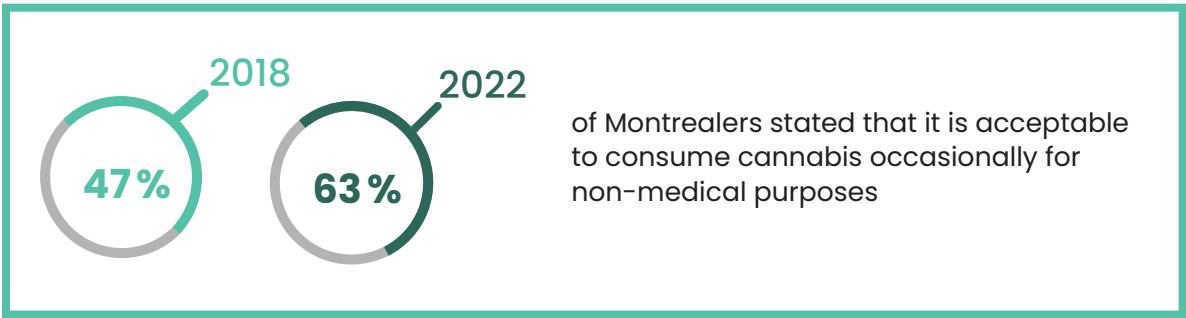
Note that respondents can report more than one mode of consumption.

Transition from the illegal to the legal market

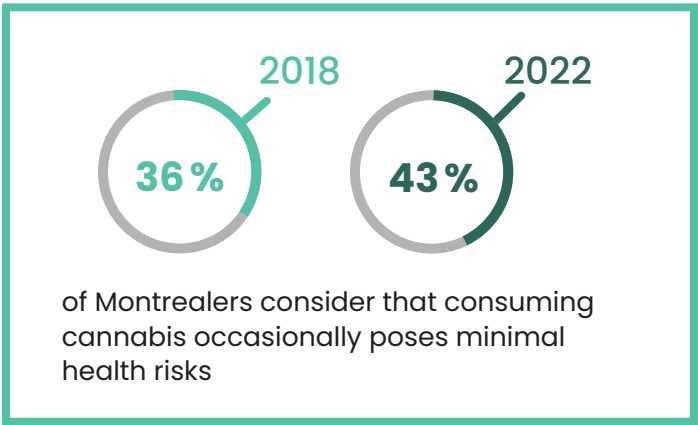
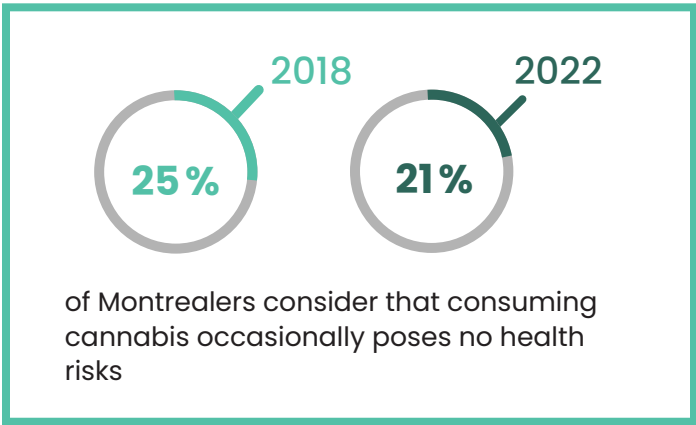


Changing social norms

→ Social acceptability has increased significantly:



→ Perception of risk has increased significantly:



According to this regional portrait, strict cannabis regulations in Québec—including a public retail system—has resulted in consumers switching to the legal market, as well as in avoiding an increase in use among young people.

The regional public health department hopes that releasing these results will help enhance knowledge of the reality in Montréal, and support harm reduction and prevention efforts linked to cannabis consumption in the city.