TRAUMATIC AMPUTATION



What should you do in case of an amputation? Avoid putting your life or the other's life in danger. Assess and secure the area Disconnect the power source. Designate someone to call and direct the emergency **Call 911** services to the site. Tell them there has been an amputation. NOTE! If the victim is unresponsive, not Wear gloves and breathing or abnormally, start CPR⁽¹⁾ eye's protectors **Amputation? Partial Total** Control hemorrhage (follow protocol 19*): - Apply direct pressure using a compress - Add more gauze as needed Raise the injured limb - Apply a pressure bandage - Check circulation⁽²⁾ - Reassure the victim

Centre intégré



CPR: Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation

Circulation: skin colour, body heat, responsiveness

Taken from the guide First Aid in the Workplace, (6th edition) Québec: CNESST, 2015. Taken from the Practical Guide for First Aiders in the Workplace: Intervention protocols (5th edition) CNESST, 2017.



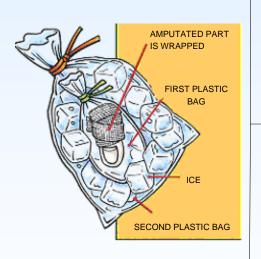


Partial

Total

Prevent shock (Follow protocol 17*):

- Monitor vital signs and state of consciousness as often as possible
- Get the victim to lie down if possible
- Loosen the victim's clothing
- Raise the victim's legs, if he or she can tolerate it
- Cover the victim to maintain it with the heat
- Do not give the victim anything to drink or eat



Save the amputated limb or limb segments (designate someone):

- Wrap all the amputated part(s) in sterile gauze and moisten with a physiological salt solution (NaCL 0,9%)
- Place the part(s) in a clean and waterproof plastic bag
- Seal the bag
- Place it in a second bag containing ice or an instant cold pack or cold water
- Indicate on the bag the exact time of the accident, the name of the injured worker, and describe the amputated part(s) with a permanent felt marker.

Let ambulance technicians take over quickly:

 Give them a verbal report and the bag containing the amputated part(s)



Complete the register of accidents, incidents and first aid